

<u>LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO – December 2022</u>

Qualitative disclosure around LCR

Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) is a global minimum standard aimed at measuring and promoting short-term resilience of banks to potential liquidity stress by ensuring maintenance of sufficient high quality liquid assets (HQLAs) to survive net cash outflows over next 30 days under stress conditions. It is a ratio of Bank's High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) to the estimated net outflows over next 30 day period of significant liquidity stress.

High quality liquid assets (HQLA) under LCR are divided into two parts i.e. Level 1 and Level 2 HQLA. Level 1 comprises primarily of cash, excess CRR, excess SLR securities, the extent allowed by RBI under Marginal Standing Facility (Currently 2%) and Facility to Avail Liquidity for Liquidity Coverage Ratio (FALLCR) (Currently 16%).

Level 2 HQLA which comprises of investments in highly rated non-financial corporate bonds, debentures and commercial papers issued by non-financial institutions and listed equity investments considered at prescribed haircuts.

Cash outflows are calculated by multiplying the outstanding balances of various categories or types of liabilities by the outflow run-off rates and cash inflows are calculated by multiplying the outstanding balances of various categories of contractual receivables by the rates at which they are expected to flow in. Additionally, probable outflows on account of contingent liabilities such as Letters of Credit (LC) and Bank Guarantees (BGs) and undrawn commitment are estimated and considered by applying prescribed run-off factors.

The Bank computes LCR on a daily basis in accordance with RBI guidelines. The LCR numbers are reported as a simple average of daily observations for the quarter. The Bank believes that all inflows and outflows which might have a material impact under the liquidity stress scenario have been considered for the purpose of LCR.

The LCR is calculated by dividing a Bank's stock of HQLA by its total net cash outflows over a 30-day stress period. The minimum requirement is 100%. The Bank's average LCR for the quarter ended December 31, 2022 computed as simple average of the daily observations during the quarter, stood at 144.11%.



(Amt. in Lakh)

		Q3 - December 2022 Q2 - Septer			(Amt. in Lakh) mber 2022	
		Total Unweighted Total Weighted		Total Unweighted Total Weighted		
		Value (average)#	Value (average)#	Value (average)!	Value (average)!	
High	Quality Liquid Assets					
1	Total High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA)		25,41,834		29,34,252	
Cash	Outflows					
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	33,21,853	3,28,820	31,66,050	3,13,400	
(i)	Stable deposits	67,288	3,364	64,099	3,205	
(ii)	Less stable deposits	32,54,565	3,25,456	31,01,951	3,10,195	
3	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	26,70,904	16,42,215	27,34,172	16,78,349	
(i)	Operational deposits (all counterparties)	-	-	-	-	
(ii)	Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	26,70,904	16,42,215	27,34,172	16,78,349	
(iii)	Unsecured debt					
4	Secured wholesale funding		-		-	
5	Additional requirements, of which	2,21,459	1,94,571	2,87,807	2,56,178	
(i)	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	1,91,244	1,91,244	2,52,222	2,52,222	
(ii)	Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products	-	-	-	-	
(iii)	Credit and liquidity facilities	30,215	3,327	35,585	3,956	
6	Other contractual funding obligations	1,66,549	1,66,549	1,68,063	1,68,063	
7	Other contingent funding obligations	68,45,418	2,95,277	66,01,943	2,84,247	
8	Total Cash Outflows		26,27,432		27,00,237	
Cash	Inflows					
9	Secured lending (e.g., reverse repos)	2,51,404		4,76,723		
10	Inflows from fully performing exposures	8,43,569	4,90,777	7,10,906	4,00,697	
11	Other cash inflows	3,83,070	3,72,894	4,32,581	4,22,914	
12	Total Cash Inflows	14,78,043	8,63,671	16,20,210	8,23,611	
					Total Adjusted Value	
21	TOTAL HQLA		25,41,834		29,34,252	
22	Total Net Cash Outflows		17,63,761		18,76,626	
23	Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)		144.11		156.36	

[!] The average weighted and un-weighted amounts are calculated taking simple average of daily LCR from July 01, 2022, to September 30, 2022. # The average weighted and un-weighted amounts are calculated taking simple average of daily LCR from October 01, 2022, to December 31, 2022.